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December 16, 2022

memorandum of law by **February 9, 2023**. Plaintiff shall file its Opposition by **March 17, 2023**. No reply shall be filed in connection with Defendant's anticipated *Daubert* motion. So

Defendant shall file its anticipated Daubert motion and

Ordered.

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING

Honorable Lorna G. Schofield United States District Court Southern District of New York 500 Pearl Street New York, New York 10007

Dated: December 20, 2022 New York, New York

United States District Judge

Re: Kewazinga Corp. v. Google LLC, No. 1:20-cv-1106-LGS (S.D.N.Y.)

Joint Letter Regarding Adjustments to Presently-Scheduled *Daubert* Briefing

Dear Judge Schofield,

The parties write regarding Kewazinga's requested clarification and modification of the briefing schedule with respect to Google's *Daubert* motion pertaining to Kewazinga's damages expert, Michele Riley. *See* Dkt. 243.

On November 28, 2022, the Court issued Docket Entry 243, which sets briefing as follows:

Google's Opening Brief Due: February 2, 2023

Kewazinga's Responsive Brief Due: March 2, 2023.

Shortly thereafter, on the same day, the Court issued a CM/ECF notification (the "ECF Notice") with the following notice:

Set/Reset Deadlines: Cross Motions due by 2/2/2023. Motions due by 2/2/2023. Responses due by 3/2/2023. Replies due by 3/16/2023. (mml)

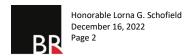
Kewazinga requests clarification of the ECF Notice and a modification to the *Daubert* briefing schedule. No modification to the concurrent briefing on summary judgment is requested. *See* Dkt. 243.

The parties' respective requests and positions are as follows.

Kewazinga's Position:

1. The ECF Notice

The ECF Notice appears to add a reference a reply brief deadline of March 16, 2023, but no provision for a reply brief is contained in the Court's Order (Dkt. 243). During the meet and confer process regarding Kewazinga's request (below), Google has taken the position that the ECF Notice does *not* permit (or require) it to file a reply brief. Consequently, Kewazinga requests that the Court confirm that no reply brief is contemplated for the upcoming *Daubert* briefing. If the Court permits



Google to file a reply brief, Kewazinga requests that the overall cumulative briefing pages for both sides be equal.

2. Daubert Briefing Schedule

For the following reasons, Kewazinga requests that the Court extend the due date for Kewazinga's responsive *Daubert* brief by two weeks to March 16, 2023 from the presently-scheduled date of March 2, 2023.

First, New York schools have a winter recess during the week of February 20-24, 2023, and under the current schedule, at least two of Kewazinga's counsel have family vacations planned (and a third is scheduled to be on paternity leave) during this period. Second, under the current schedule, Kewazinga has four weeks to prepare its opposition, whereas Google has six weeks to prepare its opening brief following its opening summary judgment brief. Consequently, the requested extension is equitable and not prejudicial to Google. To the extent that the Court intended to schedule a *Daubert* reply brief date of March 16, 2023, Kewazinga requests that the Court also reset Google's reply brief date by two weeks—namely, to March 30, 2023.

Google opposes Kewazinga's request, and instead, Google is seeking to take advantage of the situation by proposing to shift *all Daubert* briefing by two weeks.

Kewazinga opposes Google's counterproposal. *First*, under the current schedule, Google already has *six* weeks, and under its counterproposal would have *eight* weeks, to draft its opening *Daubert* motion. In stark contrast, under Google's counterproposal, Kewazinga would only have four weeks (and under Kewazinga's proposal, six weeks) to draft its equal-length opposition. Extending Google's time to eight weeks is not warranted. *Second*, and most importantly, Google's proposed schedule does not alleviate Kewazinga's concern—under Google's proposal the school winter recess and Kewazinga's counsel's planned absences would still overlap with Kewazinga's opposition period and thus not address the reason for which Kewazinga seeks the requested relief.¹

Therefore, Kewazinga respectfully requests that the Court grant Kewazinga's request to reset its Daubert opposition to March 16, 2023.

Google's Position:

1. Google Proposes an Equitable Solution—A Mutual Two-Week Extension For Daubert Briefing That Reduces The Burden On Both Parties

¹ When Kewazinga proposed the original *Daubert* briefing schedule, it asked the Court to set March 17th for its response date to accommodate the planned absences. Dkt. 242 at 2. While there would still be an overlap between the holiday and Kewazinga's planned opposition period under Kewazinga's proposal, the extension of the opposition briefing period from four to six weeks would ameliorate this, whereas Google's proposal would maintain *both* the overlap and the four-week opposition period.



On December 6, Kewazinga approached Google about a *unilateral* extension to Kewazinga's deadline to file an opposition to Google's Riley *Daubert* motion. In response, Google proposed a *mutual* two-week extension that alleviates burden on *both* parties. Specifically, Google believes its proposal to be reasonable because it both addresses Kewazinga's concern about the winter recess² and alleviates pressure on Google over the holidays at the end of December. The following table sets forth the existing deadlines and the deadlines under Google's proposal:

	Current Date	Google's Proposal
Google's Opening Brief for the Riley Daubert Motion	February 2, 2023	February 17, 2023
Kewazinga's Opposition Brief for the Riley Daubert Motion	March 2, 2023	March 17, 2023

Thus, Google does not seek to "take advantage of the situation," as Kewazinga argues above.³ Rather, Google seeks an equitable solution that helps both parties.

2. Google Welcomes the Opportunity to File a Reply Brief in Support Of Its Riley Daubert Motion

For the avoidance of doubt and contrary to Kewazinga's assertion above, Google is *not* opposed to filing a reply brief for the Riley Daubert Motion and would appreciate the opportunity to do so. Rather, Google's understanding, which it conveyed to Kewazinga, is that the Court did not set a deadline for such a reply brief in its November 28 Order, and that the ECF notice was not intended to supersede or modify that order.

To the extent the Court intended to grant Google leave to file a reply for the Riley Daubert Motion or does so now, Google respectfully requests a 5-page limit separate from the 15-page limit set for the opening brief.

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² Kewazinga purportedly opposes Google's proposal because "the school winter recess and Kewazinga's counsel's planned absences would still overlap with Kewazinga's opposition period." However, the Court should set that criticism aside because that statement applies equally to both parties' proposals—either way, Google's brief is due before the winter recess, and Kewazinga's brief is due after the recess.

³ Notably, Kewazinga—not Google—asked the Court to set briefing for the Riley *Daubert* motion during a period that includes the winter recess and Google suggested that the parties wait to brief *Daubert* motions at least until after summary judgment motions were completely briefed. Also, it bears mention that for summary judgment briefing, Kewazinga has more time than Google to prepare its opening brief to account for the December holiday season—a two week extension for Google's opening *Daubert* brief would provide a similar accommodation.



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Dated: December 16, 2022

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